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## The Guide: Was Raju a Guide or a Misguide?

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### **Abstract:**

The word 'guide' has literally three meanings – firstly, a person, who shows others the way; secondly, a person employed to point out important sites on a journey or a visit; and lastly, an advisor or counsellor who directs or influences the behaviours of others. All the meanings are inextricably bound with Raju in *The Guide* because his journey begins from a shopkeeping boy to a tourist guide and advisor of Rosie and ends as a counsellor of the villagers. Raju, a railway guide whose sole motif was to extort money from the tourists for himself, as a lover to Rosie becomes hedonist, goes to jail, does something good for the prisoners, becomes a swami and undertakes a fast for the welfare of others. Narayan wanted to guide the readers through Raju that man does not experience real pleasure or happiness in restful rusty position but in suffering and striving for ideals—for the welfare of others in which lies the essence and dignity of life. It is a search for the true identity and authentic self that Raju wants to prove in the novel.

**Keywords:** guide, illicit affair, greed, crime, punishment, redemption.

Some are born great, some achieve greatness, and some have greatness thrust upon them.

----William Shakespeare

R.K.Narayan's *The Guide* was first published in 1958. Being one of the most acclaimed works in Indian fiction, Narayan was awarded the Sahitya Akademi Award in 1960 for the novel which has been translated into many languages of the world. Modern critics have come to see it as a triumph of art which does not remain specifically confined to matters of narrative or style but remains embedded in the theme or vision of the novel which sums up the title *The Guide*. The word 'guide' has literally three meanings – firstly, a person, who shows others the way; secondly, a person employed to point out important sites on a journey or a visit; and lastly, an advisor or counsellor who directs or influences the behaviours of others. All the meanings

are inextricably bound with Raju in *The Guide* because his journey begins from a shopkeeping boy to a tourist guide and advisor of Rosie and ends as a counsellor of the villagers.

The novel deals with the life of Raju who begins his life as a shop-keeper on the railway platform. Soon he gathers a great deal of knowledge by going through various journals and magazines which he keeps in his stall. He gradually becomes famous as a tourist guide and is called 'Railway Raju'. One day a couple comes to Malgudi --Rosie and her husband, Marco. Raju is surprised to see Marco neglecting his beautiful living wife and yearning for dead and decaying things. Unlike Marco, Raju cares about Rosie's whims, feelings, sentiments, tastes and temperament. From a tourist guide, he becomes the guide of a single family and begins to spend most of his time with Rosie. Raju's mother is against this illicit affair and considers her responsible for ruining his son's life. Raju betrays Marco who had great faith in him. He launches Rosie as a dancer. They earn a lot of money and begin to live in a lavishly. Marco leaves her and goes away. Raju turns to drinking and gambling and the gulf between Rosie and Raju is widened. At last Raju forges the signature of Rosie on a document, and is taken to the court of law by Marco. Rosie spends a lot of money in defence but also at the same time severs all relations with him. Raju is punished for forging the signature of Rosie and spends two years in jail. After coming out of jail, Raju becomes a spiritual guide. He takes shelter in an old temple by the Saryu River, near a village Mangal. A common villager named Velan seeks his advice on a family matter and Raju's advice makes Velan to relieve his family problem. Soon the villagers begin to have faith in Raju and offer him gifts. Soon there arises a drought in the village and Raju fasts for 12 days in order to bring rains. This fasting is thrust on him by fate and he also undertakes it out of love for the villagers. On the last day of the fasting because of fatigue and hunger, Raju falls down and signs of rain could be felt by Raju. R. K. Narayan does not clearly mention the end of Raju but the novel shows a rogue turning a saint out of compulsion. In fact, the circumstances which landed him in jail are his own creation, but after coming out of jail his fate was thrust upon him and he is redeemed by his last act of martyrdom.

Narayan's title reflects upon the life and career of Raju as a 'tourist guide' in the first part of the novel. Raju begins his career as a shopkeeper and soon acquires bits of information browsing through old journals, magazines and periodicals which he used to keep in his shop. He is not only intelligent and observant but also a shrewd judge of human character. He also possesses an inborn talent of eloquence which he uses to great effects to captivate his clients with his manners, common sense as well as providing them information regarding Malgudi, its scenic beauty and important sites. He also arranges for the tourists boarding, lodging and

transportation. His popular charm made him 'Railway Raju' whom the tourists come to and he in turn leads them to their destination.

"I came to be called Railway Raju. Perfect strangers, having heard of my name, began to ask for me when their train arrived at the railway station." (Narayan 55)

Raju acquires detailed knowledge about Malgudi and its whereabouts by talking with the tourists and gathering tit-bits of knowledge from tourist magazines and using it for his own advantage. His aptitude to cater to the tastes and needs of the tourists is praiseworthy. At the same time, his understanding of human psychology is profound and he manages to escape by making vague and ambiguous statements about things which he does not know. He never says "no":

"I never said, 'I don't know.' Not in my nature, I suppose." (55)

He deceits the tourists by giving them false information, cheats them successfully and becomes famous as a tourist guide:

"I said, 'Oh, yes, a fascinating place. Haven't you seen it? You must find the time to visit it, otherwise your whole trip here would be a waste.' I am sorry I said it, an utter falsehood, but only because I wanted to be pleasant." (55)

Eventually he engages a boy to look after the shop and picks up the full-time job as a tourist guide. Soon Raju becomes a model guide in the small town of Malgudi and those who intend to be in the same profession soon begin to follow Raju as a 'model guide'.

The deliberation of various events brings about a change in Raju's career. Rather than being a guide to the general tourists who arrive at Malgudi, Raju becomes the 'guide of a single family' -- the family of Rosie and her husband Marco, who comes there for some diversion and pleasure. Marco is immediately pleased with the service of Raju and engages him as a whole-time guide. This in turn leads to a relationship between Raju and Rosie as he takes her by storm and wins her heart. Raju proves himself to be an adept lady-killer by exploiting his seductive charms and play the game of love with Rosie by paying her bold compliments, smooth talk and flattery. "I smiled affably, my best smile, as if I had been asked for it by a photographer." (72)

“Don’t you know my voice? Didn’t I come with you yesterday to that cobra man? All night I didn’t sleep, ... The way you danced, your form and figure haunted me all night.” (72)

In this field also Raju becomes a ‘model guide’ who imparts valuable lessons in the art of love-making which enthralls and mesmerizes Rosie. This occurs in a split in the husband-wife relationship and Raju’s prolonged affair with Rosie begins.

The next role played by Raju is that of a theatre-manager and an impresario or the ‘guide or manager of a dancer.’ Since he is a professional guide and pretends to be a connoisseur of art, Raju is much aware of the value of a dancer. He is not driven by love but by mean mercenary motives, a feeling of sensuality for Rosie. The surface Raju soon becomes the reality of Raju and is exposed to the readers. Hence an implied irony is there when he is looked upon as a spiritual guide—a conflict between illusion and reality, between mask and the face. Mask cannot be the face of reality; likewise, professional and spiritual guide are both contrary to each other. He launches Rosie as a professional dancer and helps her in all possible ways to build up her career, managing both her personal and professional affairs in such a manner that soon she becomes a renowned dancer and her fame spreads far and wide. In the process they earn a lot of money and begin to lead a lavish lifestyle, His tactful handling of Rosie’s affairs, his shrewdness in business dealings are beacon lights to those who intend to play this kind of role. However, his love and possessiveness for Rosie and jealousy for Marco motivate him to hide the book which Marco had sent for Rosie:

“I thought it would be best to put the book away. I carried it to my most secret, guarded place in the house--- the liquor chest, adjoining the cardroom, the key of which I carried next to my heart--- stuffed the volume out of sight, and locked it up. Nalini never went near it. I did not mention the book to her ...But it was like hiding a corpse.” (199)

He forges Rosie’s signature out of insecurity because he did not want her to realize Marco’s generosity:

“What was the man’s purpose in sending it now? Why this sudden generosity to return her an old box? Was he laying a trap for her, or what was it? (206)

Raju had thought that Rosie would break down with Raju’s imprisonment and jail but Rosie remained unperturbed and unmoved. Perhaps she was shocked at being betrayed by the person she had trusted the most:

“She listened to me as if I were addressing a stone pillar. Even now I can recollect her bewilderment, stunned expression as she tried to comprehend the situation. I thought she would break down. She often broke down on small issues, but this seemed to leave her unperturbed. She merely said, ‘I felt all along you were not doing right things. This is *karma*. What can we do?’ ” (216)

She does not forgive Raju for the crime he has committed but out of love or sense of duty she tried her best to do whatever she could do for Raju--- arrange for a good lawyer who could plead the case of Raju in court. But in spite of that he was sentenced to two years of imprisonment:

“Our star lawyer looked gratified, I should properly have got seven years according to law books, but his fluency knocked five years off, though, if I had been a little careful...” (226)

His continuous playing of roles one after the other makes him unaware of the extent of his act and his confidence ironically lands him in jail. Much knowledge can be gained from Raju as one can also take lesson from his mistakes that a man should not adopt dishonest means out of jealousy and insecurity for it is sure to land him in jail. The fact that entering a profession also means to make one an observer and should enable him to judge human character otherwise enigmatic people like Marco may be plotting and laying traps. The ‘guide’ Raju has, once again, a fall as greed overtakes his balance and misguide his sensibilities.

In jail Raju proves to be a ‘model prisoner’—well-mannered, hard-working and helpful. He is quite comfortable in jail and is surprised to know that people are afraid of prison. Indeed he is so comfortable that when the news of his release comes, he goes out in fear and regrets in his heart and sets an example for all the prisoners:

“I felt amused at the thought of the ignorant folk who were horrified at the idea of a jail... I felt choked with tears when I had to go out after two years, and I wished that we had not wasted all that money on our lawyer. I’d have been happy to stay in this prison permanently.” (228)

Raju’s life is also a lesson for the prisoners in this respect and becomes the light bearer of those who want to follow his footsteps.

After coming out of jail, the role of a ‘swami’ was almost thrust on Raju. When he was sitting alone near a dilapidated temple after his release from jail, a villager called Velan

who seemed to be impressed by his saintly appearance talks frankly to Raju about the problem which was worrying him and sought for his advice and guidance:

“... Raju was sitting cross-legged as if it were a throne, beside an ancient shrine.” (5)

Velan, the simple villager, takes him to be a wise man, a ‘swami’ and a spiritual guide. Though a fake one, Raju’s impressive way of talking and his simple philosophy soon make him appear as a real guru:

“If you show me a person without a problem, then I’ll show you the perfect world. Do you know what the great Buddha said?... if you show me a single home without a problem, I shall show you the way to attain a universal solution to all problems.” (15)

He also exploits the simple faith of the villagers and thus manages food for himself:

“Food was coming to him unmasked now. If he went away somewhere else certainly nobody was going to take the trouble to bring him food in return for just waiting for it.” (33)

But almost unconsciously a transformation comes over the fake ‘swami’. Raju may be compared to the highway robber Ratnakara who later transformed into a sage and came to be known as Maharishi Valmiki, the composer of the Indian epic, The Ramayana. But the point of difference lies in the fact that Ratnakara became a robber to feed his family but Raju adopted dishonest means to feed his greed. The affection and devotion of the common villagers brings about a transformation in Raju’s inner self to such an extent that he assumes the role of a spiritual guide by making mystifying statements and elevating himself to a larger-than-life figure:

“He realised that he had no alternative: he must play the role that Velan had given him.” (33)

Raju becomes a ‘spiritual guide’ by making mystifying statements and elevating himself to a larger-than-life figure. The uneducated and simple-minded villagers are impressed by his charming words and his fame as a ‘sadhu’ or saint spread far and wide and devotees begin to visit him with gifts and offerings. Narayan tries to postulate the theory that the same set of qualities can make a person successful both as a tourist guide and as a spiritual guide who can be followed. The protagonist plays a social role conferred on him—that of a guide in

the initial stages of his career. Narayan through his precepts and examples tried to teach his readers like a prophetic novelist and suggested that the novel can be interpreted as a guide to life for it tells us both how to achieve success and at the same time how to avoid the various pitfalls which might come in the long run. Raju's example can both of guiding and misguiding and solely depends on the follower which path he/she would like to follow.

This novel is a classic statement on the improvement of human conduct—on ambition and human restraint as Raju becomes symbolic both of selfish individualism and the saviour of mankind. The novel is also ethical as it is the story of a man who proceeds from egotism to altruism via psychological egoism. Raju, a railway guide whose sole motif was to extort money from the tourists for himself, as a lover to Rosie becomes hedonist, goes to jail, does something good for the prisoners, becomes a swami and undertakes a fast for the welfare of others. Narayan wanted to guide the readers through Raju that man does not experience real pleasure or happiness in restful rusty position but in suffering and striving for ideals—for the welfare of others in which lies the essence and dignity of life. It is a search for the true identity and authentic self that Raju wants to prove in the novel.

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